

THE COLONY CROSSING NEW DEVELOPMENT

NE OF E SH-121 & PAIGE RD, THE COLONY, TX 75056

Features

The Colony Crossing offers The Home Depot, Rooms To Go and benefits from access along SH-121 directly across from Nebraska Furniture Mart. Upon completion, The Colony Crossing will bring online approximately 158,000 SF of retail space for shops, restaurants and junior anchors. colony-crossing.com

Traffic Counts		Demographics YE	AR: 2023 1 MILE	3 MILE	5 MILE
SH-121	173,895 VPD	Total Population	9,352	92,068	252,026
Paige Road	30,266 VPD	Total Households	3,831	37,860	103,251
		Average Household Incom	e \$132,290	\$152,865	\$150,547
		Total Daytime Population	12,533	99,542	304,329

Area Retailers & Businesses









FOR LEASE

TOTAL SF: 158,200 AVAILABLE SF: 158,200 MIN CONTIGUOUS SF: 2,500 **MAX CONTIGUOUS SF: 100,000 CONTACT FOR MORE INFORMATION**

Michelle Caplan

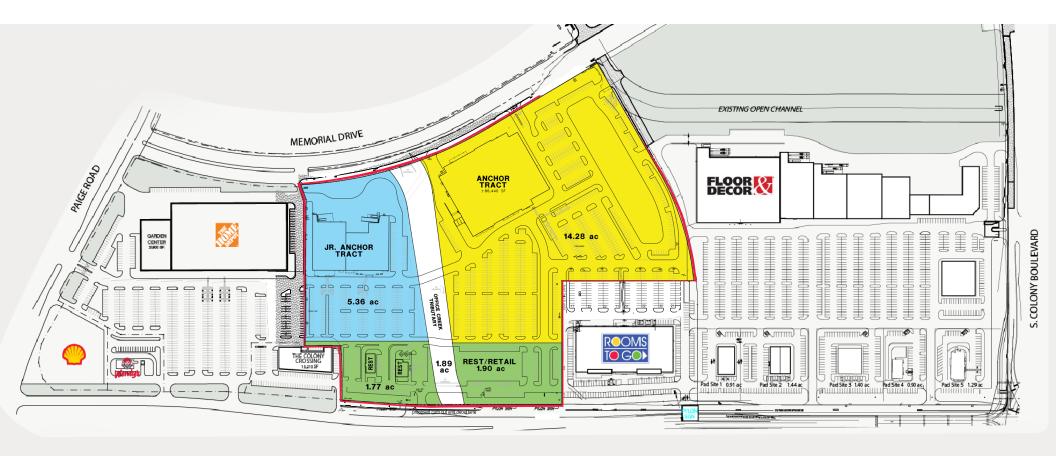
Executive Vice President 214.720.6661 mcaplan@weitzmangroup.com

Maggie Hansen

Vice President 214.442.7513

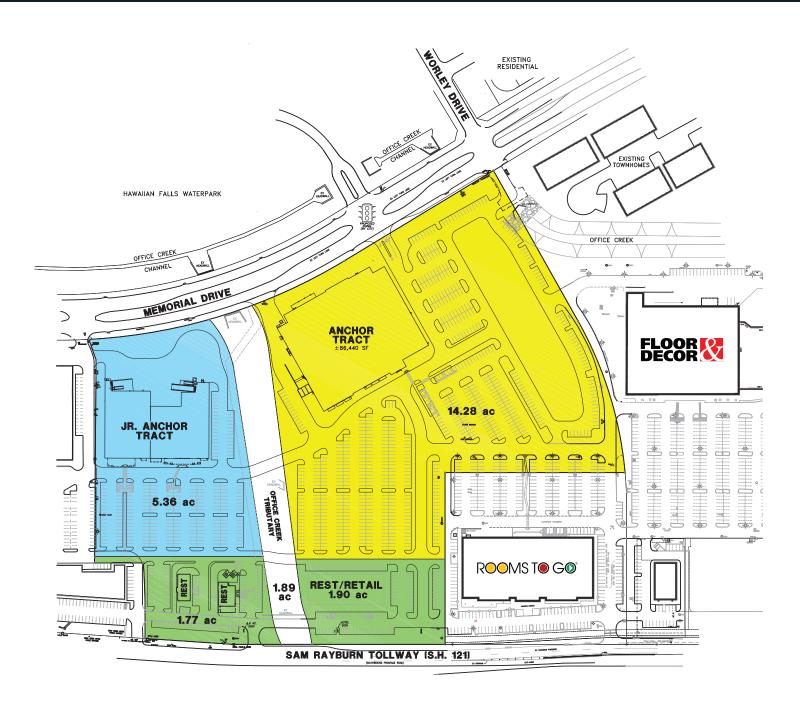
mhansen@weitzmangroup.com

















INFORMATION ABOUT BROKERAGE SERVICES

Texas law requires all real estate license holders to give the following information about brokerage services to prospective buyers, tenants, sellers and landlords.



TYPES OF REAL ESTATE LICENSE HOLDERS:

- A BROKER is responsible for all brokerage actives, including acts performed by sales agents sponsored by the broker.
- A SALES AGENT must be sponsored by a broker and works with clients on behalf of the broker.

A BROKER'S MINIMUM DUTIES REQUIRED BY LAW (A client is the person or party that the broker represents):

- Put the interests of the client above all others, including the broker's own interests;
- Inform the client of any material information on about the property or transaction received by the broker;
- Answer the client's questions and present any offer to or counter-offer from the client;
 and
- Treat all par es to a real estate transaction honestly and fairly.

A LICENSE HOLDER CAN REPRESENT A PARTY IN A REAL ESTATE TRANSACTION:

AS AGENT FOR OWNER (SELLER/LANDLORD):

The broker becomes the property owner's agent through an agreement with the owner, usually in a written listening to sell or property management agreement. An owner's agent must perform the broker's minimum duties above and must inform the owner of any material information about the property or transaction known by the agent, including information disclosed to the agent or subagent by the buyer or buyer's agent.

AS AGENT FOR BUYER/TENANT: The broker becomes the buyer/tenant's agent by agreeing to represent the buyer, usually through a written representation agreement. A buyer's agent must perform the broker's minimum duties above and must inform the buyer of any material information about the property or transaction known by the agent, including information disclosed to the agent by the seller or seller's agent.

AS AGENT FOR BOTH - INTERMEDIARY: To act as an intermediary between the par es the broker must first obtain the written agreement of each party

to the transaction. The written agreement must state who will pay the broker and, in conspicuous bold or underlined print, set forth the broker's obligations as an intermediary. A broker who acts as an intermediary:

- Must treat all par es to the transaction impartially and fairly;
- May, with the par es' written consent, appoint a different license holder associated with the broker to each party (owner and buyer) to communicate with, provide opinions and advice to, and carry out the instructions of each party to the transaction.
- Must not, unless specifically authorized in writing to do so by the party, disclose:
 - that the owner will accept a price less than the written asking price;
 - that the buyer/tenant will pay a price greater than the price submitted in a written offer; and
 - any confidential information or any other information that a party specifically instructs the broker in writing not to disclose, unless required to do so by law.

AS SUBAGENT: A license holder acts as a subagent when aiding a buyer in a transaction without an agreement to represent the buyer. A subagent can assist the buyer but does not represent the buyer and must place the interests of the owner first.

TO AVOID DISPUTES, ALL AGREEMENTS BETWEEN YOU AND A BROKER SHOULD BE IN WRITING AND CLEARLY ESTABLISH:

- The broker's duties and responsibilities to you, and your obligations under the representation agreement.
- Who will pay the broker for services provided to you, when payment will be made and how the payment will be calculated.

LICENSE HOLDER CONTACT INFORMATION:

This notice is being provided for information purposes. It does not create an obligation for you to use the broker's services. Please acknowledge receipt of this notice below and retain a copy for your records.

The Weitzman Group	402795	twgre@weitzmangroup.com	214-954-0600
Licensed Broker /Broker Firm Name or Primary Assumed Business Name	License No.	Email	Phone
Robert E. Young, Jr.	292229	byoung@weitzmangroup.com	214-720-6688
Designated Broker of Firm	License No.	Email	Phone
Licensed Supervisor of Sales Agent/ Associate	License No.	Email	Phone
Michelle Weitzman Caplan	464232	mcaplan@weitzmangroup.com	214-720-6661
Sales Agent/Associate's Name	License No.	Email	Phone
	Buyer/Tenant/Seller/Landlord Initials		Date

REGULATED BY THE TEXAS REAL ESTATE COMMISSION

11-2-2015 IABS 1-0

INFORMATION ABOUT BROKERAGE SERVICES

EQUAL HOUSING OPPORTUNITY

Texas law requires all real estate license holders to give the following information about brokerage services to prospective buyers, tenants, sellers and landlords.

TYPES OF REAL ESTATE LICENSE HOLDERS:

- A BROKER is responsible for all brokerage actives, including acts performed by sales agents sponsored by the broker.
- A SALES AGENT must be sponsored by a broker and works with clients on behalf of the broker.

A BROKER'S MINIMUM DUTIES REQUIRED BY LAW (A client is the person or party that the broker represents):

- Put the interests of the client above all others, including the broker's own interests;
- Inform the client of any material information on about the property or transaction received by the broker;
- Answer the client's questions and present any offer to or counter-offer from the client;
 and
- Treat all par es to a real estate transaction honestly and fairly.

A LICENSE HOLDER CAN REPRESENT A PARTY IN A REAL ESTATE TRANSACTION:

AS AGENT FOR OWNER (SELLER/LANDLORD):

The broker becomes the property owner's agent through an agreement with the owner, usually in a written listening to sell or property management agreement. An owner's agent must perform the broker's minimum duties above and must inform the owner of any material information about the property or transaction known by the agent, including information disclosed to the agent or subagent by the buyer or buyer's agent.

AS AGENT FOR BUYER/TENANT: The broker becomes the buyer/tenant's agent by agreeing to represent the buyer, usually through a written representation agreement. A buyer's agent must perform the broker's minimum duties above and must inform the buyer of any material information about the property or transaction known by the agent, including information disclosed to the agent by the seller or seller's agent.

AS AGENT FOR BOTH - INTERMEDIARY: To act as an intermediary between the par es the broker must first obtain the written agreement of each party

to the transaction. The written agreement must state who will pay the broker and, in conspicuous bold or underlined print, set forth the broker's obligations as an intermediary. A broker who acts as an intermediary:

- Must treat all par es to the transaction impartially and fairly;
- May, with the par es' written consent, appoint a different license holder associated with the broker to each party (owner and buyer) to communicate with, provide opinions and advice to, and carry out the instructions of each party to the transaction.
- Must not, unless specifically authorized in writing to do so by the party, disclose:
 - that the owner will accept a price less than the written asking price;
 - that the buyer/tenant will pay a price greater than the price submitted in a written offer; and
 - any confidential information or any other information that a party specifically instructs the broker in writing not to disclose, unless required to do so by law.

AS SUBAGENT: A license holder acts as a subagent when aiding a buyer in a transaction without an agreement to represent the buyer. A subagent can assist the buyer but does not represent the buyer and must place the interests of the owner first.

TO AVOID DISPUTES, ALL AGREEMENTS BETWEEN YOU AND A BROKER SHOULD BE IN WRITING AND CLEARLY ESTABLISH:

- The broker's duties and responsibilities to you, and your obligations under the representation agreement.
- Who will pay the broker for services provided to you, when payment will be made and how the payment will be calculated.

LICENSE HOLDER CONTACT INFORMATION:

This notice is being provided for information purposes. It does not create an obligation for you to use the broker's services. Please acknowledge receipt of this notice below and retain a copy for your records.

The Weitzman Group	402795	twgre@weitzmangroup.com	214-954-0600
Licensed Broker /Broker Firm Name or Primary Assumed Business Name	License No.	Email	Phone
Robert E. Young, Jr.	292229	byoung@weitzmangroup.com	214-720-6688
Designated Broker of Firm	License No.	Email	Phone
Licensed Supervisor of Sales Agent/ Associate	License No.	Email	Phone
Margaret Patricia Hansen	675598	mhansen@weitzmangroup.com	214-442-7513
Sales Agent/Associate's Name	License No.	Email	Phone
	Buyer/Tenant/Seller/Landlord Initials		Date

REGULATED BY THE TEXAS REAL ESTATE COMMISSION INFORMATION AVAILABLE AT WWW.TREC.TEXAS.GOV

11-2-2015 IABS 1-0